WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A method for hole-filling in 3D models, comprising the steps of:

identifying vertices adjacent to hole boundaries in a mesh of points on a digital image;

constructing a signed distance function based on vertices adjacent to hole boundaries;

fitting a Radial Basis Function based on the constructed signed distance function;

evaluating the fitted Radial Basis Function on a grid including the hole; and

extracting and meshing the points on the hole surface to fill the hole.

- 2. The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of generating a mesh using points of an image.
- 3. The method as recited in claim 2, further comprising the step of scanning an image using a Ball Pivoting Algorithm.
 - 4. The method as recited in claim 1, further

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comprising the step of listing and indexing holes in the mesh.

- 5. The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of scanning an object to generate the mesh.
- 6. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step of identifying vertices adjacent to hole boundaries includes employing a search algorithm.
 - 7. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the search algorithm includes employing a breadth first search.
- 8. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step of constructing a signed distance function includes:

defining a distance function d for additional points, which lie on surface normals from vertices;

evaluating a continuous distance function on a grid.

9. The method as recited in claim 7, wherein a value of a distance d between each additional point and its associated vertex controls a topology of an output surface,

and further comprising the step of defining the value of distance d by a user.

- 10. The method as recited in claim 7, wherein a resolution of the grid defines the detail of generated surfaces, and further comprising the step of defining the resolution of the grid by a user.
- 11. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein fitting
 a Radial Basis Function based on the constructed signed
 distance function includes solving a set of simultaneous
 equations given by Equation 6.
- 12. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step of extracting is performed by a zero crossing method.
 - 13. A system for hole-filling in 3D models, comprising:
- a storage device, which stores a digital form of an image;
 - a processor, which graphically renders the image on a graphics subsystem;

the system further comprising a program which

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identifies points in the image and integrates a mesh between these points to define vertices adjacent to hole boundaries in the mesh, the program further comprising:

a signed distance function which is constructed based on vertices adjacent to hole boundaries;

a Radial Basis Function which is fitted based on the constructed signed distance function, the Radial Basis Function being evaluated on a grid including one of the holes such that the hole is filled by extracting and meshing the points of the hole surface.

- 14. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein the mesh is generated using points of an image.
- 15. The system as recited in claim 13, further comprising an image acquisition device, which scans a digital image of an object to be modeled.
- 16. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein the program employs a Ball Pivoting Algorithm in scanning an image.
 - 17. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein the

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program identifies vertices adjacent to hole boundaries by employing a search algorithm.

- 18. The system as recited in claim 17, wherein the search algorithm includes a breadth first search.
 - 19. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein the signed distance function includes values of distances between additional points located on a surface normal from associated vertices, the values of distances to control a topology of an output surface.
 - 20. The system as recited in claim 19, wherein the values of distances are user defined.
 - 21. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein a resolution of the grid defines the detail of generated surfaces.
- 20 22. The system as recited in claim 21, wherein the resolution of the grid is user defined.
 - 23. The system as recited in claim 13, wherein the

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Radial Basis Function includes the form of s(x) in Equation 4.

24. A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for hole-filling in 3D models, the method steps comprising:

identifying vertices adjacent to hole boundaries in a mesh of points on a digital image;

constructing a signed distance function based on vertices adjacent to hole boundaries;

fitting a Radial Basis Function based on the constructed signed distance function;

evaluating the fitted Radial Basis Function on a grid including one of the holes; and

extracting and meshing the points on the hole surface to fill the hole.

- 25. The program storage device as recited in claim
 20 24, further comprising the step of generating a mesh using points of an image.
 - 26. The program storage device as recited in claim

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- 24, further comprising the step of listing and indexing holes in the mesh.
- 27. The program storage device as recited in claim
 24, wherein the step of identifying vertices adjacent to
 hole boundaries includes employing a search algorithm.
 - 28. The program storage device as recited in claim 24, wherein the step of constructing a signed distance function includes:

defining a distance function d for additional points, which lie on surface normals from vertices;

evaluating a continuous distance function on a grid.

29. The program storage device as recited in claim
28, wherein a value of a distance d between each additional
point and its associated vertex controls a topology of an
output surface, and the value of distance d is defined by a
user.

30. The program storage device as recited in claim 28, wherein a resolution of the grid defines the detail of generated surfaces, and the resolution of the grid is

defined by a user.

The program storage device as recited in claim 24, wherein fitting a Radial Basis Function based on the constructed signed distance function includes solving a set of simultaneous equations given by Equation 6.